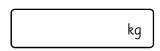


Maths Assessment Year 6: Measurement



- 1. Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.
- a) Jamie is baking scones. The recipe he is following says that 455g of flour will make 8 scones. How much flour will he need to make 24 scones? Write your answer in kilograms.

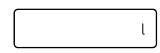






b) Sasha is washing cars to raise money for charity. She uses 11.5 litres of water to wash two cars. How much water would she use to wash 6 cars? **Write your answer in litres.**

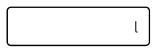






c) Jack is filling cups with orange squash for his friends at a party. One cup can hold 325ml. How much squash is needed to fill 10 cups? Write your answer in litres.

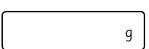






d) Emily is making fruit cakes for a school fayre. She needs to use 0.654kg of sultanas and 0.3kg of raisins. How much dried fruit does she need altogether? Write your answer in grams.







e) Mohammed is training for a swimming race. He swims 1825 metres on Saturday and 1750 metres on Sunday. How far does he swim altogether? Write your answer in kilometres.









- 2. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places.
 - a) Match up the equivalent units of length:

1750m 1.54m

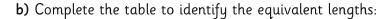
175cm 1.75km

1564m 0.7m

154cm 1.75m

70cm 0.7km

700m 1.564km



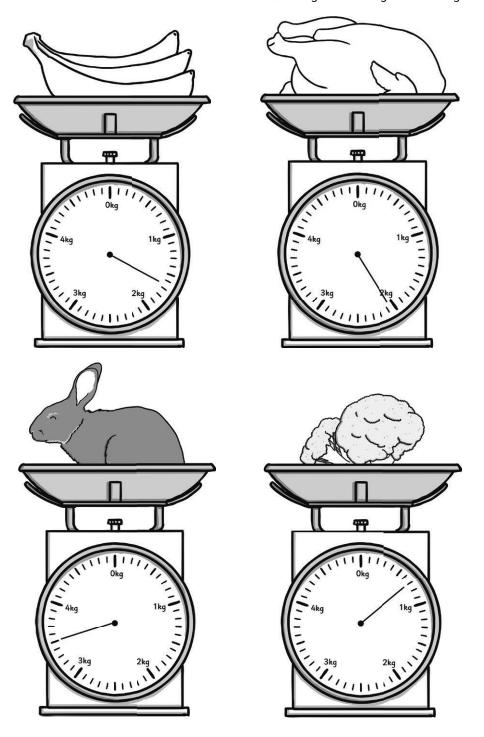
Millimetres	Centimetres	
	1.5cm	
20 mm		
	75.2cm	
460 mm		
	86.1 cm	







c) Write the mass shown on these scales, using both kilograms and grams:



	Mass in grams (for example 500g)	Mass in kilograms (for example 0.5 kg)
Bananas		
Chicken		
Rabbit		
Broccoli		





d) Write the volume of water in each jug, in both millilitres and litres:

	Millilitres (for example 1000ml)	Litres (for example 1l)
i.		
ii.		
iii.		

2 m avha

e)

How many minutes are in two and a half hours?	
How many minutes is 75 seconds?	
180 minutes is equivalent to how many hours?	
How many minutes is equivalent to three quarters of an hour?	
How many seconds are in 5 minutes?	





- 3. Convert between miles and kilometres.
- **a)** Identify the equivalent distances in miles and kilometres, rounded to the nearest whole number, by completing the table below:

Distance in miles	Distance in kilometres	
	1.6 km	
2 miles		
	4.8km	
5 miles		
	16 km	
20 miles		

5 marks

b) This map shows the location of some cities in Britain.

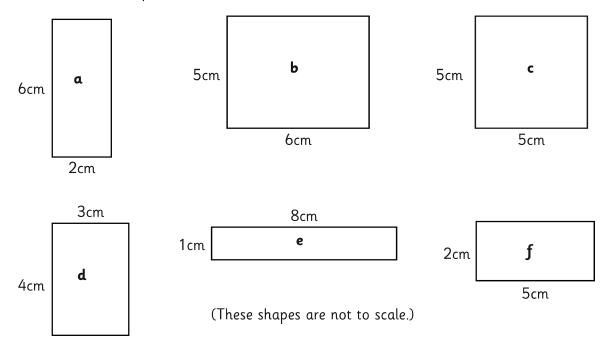


The distance from London to Leicester is approximately 100 miles. What is this distance in kilometres, to the nearest whole number?	
The distance from Edinburgh to Glasgow is approximately 80 kilometres. What is this distance in miles, to the nearest whole number?	
The distance from Cardiff to Liverpool is approximately 200 miles. What is this distance in kilometres, to the nearest whole number?	





- 4. Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.
 - a) Look at these shapes:



Which two shapes have the same perimeter? and and

b) Draw two different rectangles that have an area of 8cm².

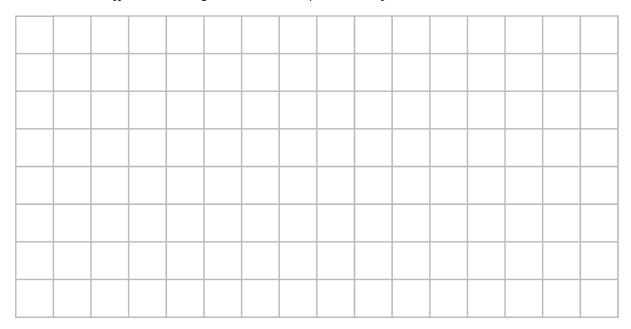






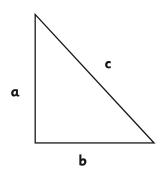


c) Draw two different rectangles that have a perimeter of 18cm.





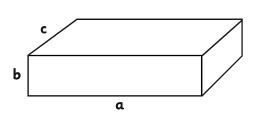
- 5. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.
- a) Circle the formula that could be used to calculate the area of this right-angled triangle:



a + b x 2	`
ab x 0.5	
a + b + c	
ab x 2	
a - b	_



b) Circle the formula that could be used to calculate the surface area of this cuboid:

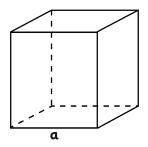


2(ab)+2(ac)+2(bc)
6(ab)
4(ab) + 2(bc)
ab + ac + bc
(ab) + 4(bc)





c)



Write the formula that could be
used to calculate the surface area
of this cube.

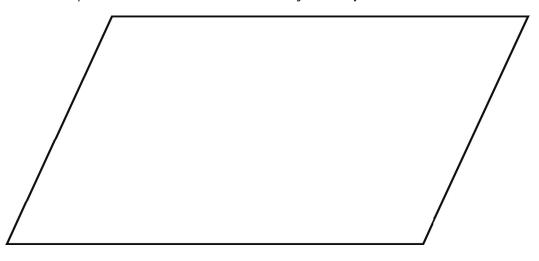
Write the formula that could be used to calculate the volume of this cube.



6. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.

a) Circle the area of this parallelogram:

This shape is to scale. You can use a ruler for this question.

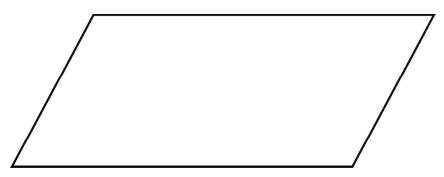


33cm ² 66cm ² 60cm ² 22cm ² 17cm ²



b) Calculate the area of this parallelogram:

This shape is to scale. You can use a ruler for this question.



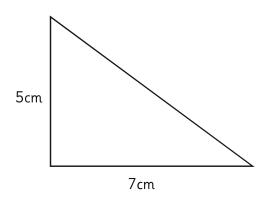


 cm^{2}



c) Calculate the area of this triangle:

This shape is **not** to scale.

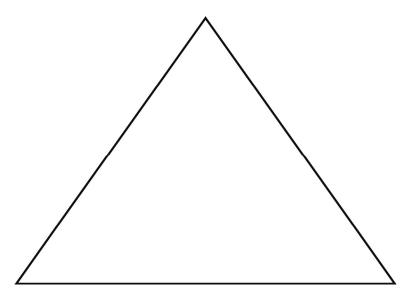


cm²



d) Calculate the area of this triangle:

This shape is to scale. You can use a ruler for this question.

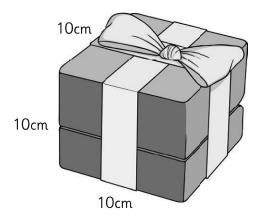


cm²





- 7. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units [for example, mm³ and km³].
- a) Circle the volume of this box:



30cm³	
100cm³	
300cm³	
1000cm³	
3000cm ³	
-	

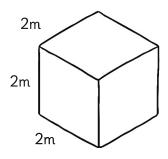


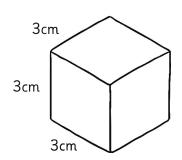
b) Calculate the volume of a cuboid that has a length of 10cm, a height of 6cm and a depth of 4cm:

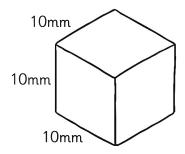
Show your working out.



c) Tick the shape that has the largest volume:



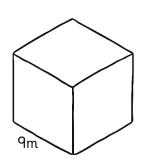






d) Molly estimates the size of this cube.

Which would be the most sensible estimate?



(This shape is not to scale.)

90m³	10m³	800m³	100m³	900cm³





e) Use the symbols <> or = to compare the volume of each pair or cubes / cuboids: (These shapes are not to scale.)

	<> or =	
4cm 4cm		2cm 4cm 8cm
3m / 3m / 11m		2m
6cm 6cm		2m 2m 2m
1km 1km		5m 5m



