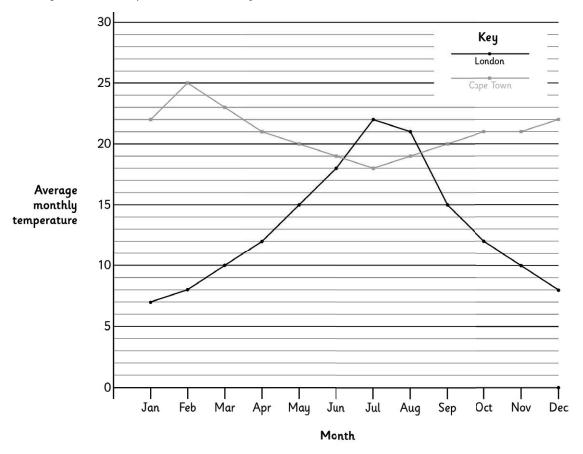
30 total marks

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Maths Assessment Year 6 Term 3: Statistics

- 1. Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.
 - a) Here is a graph showing the average monthly temperatures over a year in London, England and Cape Town, South Africa.



i) What is the average temperature in London in March?	
ii) What is the difference between the average monthly temperature in Cape Town and the average monthly temperature in London in November?	
iii) In which months is it warmer in London than in Cape Town?	
iv) In which month is the greatest difference between the average temperatures in London and Cape Town?	
v) In which month is the least difference between the average temperatures in London and Cape Town?	

vi) In which months is the average temperature in both London and Cape Town between (not including) 11°C and 22°C?









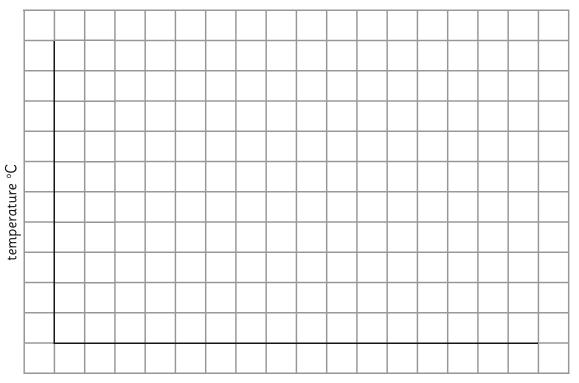
b) A school monitors the temperature in the playground at each hour:

Time	Temperature °C
10:00	1
11:00	4
12:00	12
13:00	15
14:00	13
15:00	6
16:00	9
17:00	3



i. Plot a line graph showing the information in the table:

A graph to show the temperature in the playground



time

ii. Using the graph, estimate the temperature at 10:30.

iii. Between which hours is the greatest change in the temperature?	

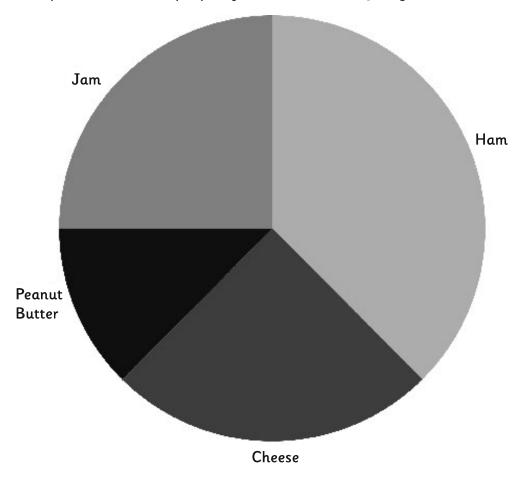






c) 32 children chose their favourite sandwich filling. Here is a pie chart to show their responses:

A pie chart to show people's favourite sandwich filling.



i) What percentage of children said their favourite sandwich filling was cheese?	
ii) How many children chose ham as their favourite sandwich filling?	
iii) How many more children chose jam than peanut butter as their favourite sandwich filling?	

2

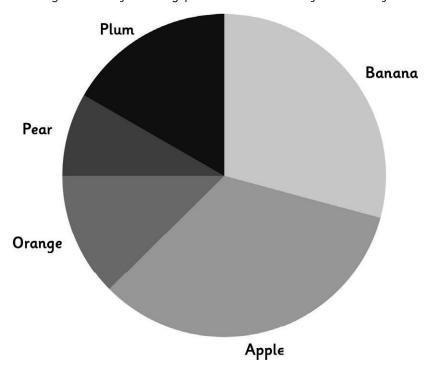
iv) P	eanut	butter	is rem	oved :	from	the o	choices	. All	the	child	ren '	who	chose	peanut	butte	?r
cl	hoose	cheese	. What	t is th	e mos	st po	pular	sand	wick	ı fillin	g n	ow?				

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d) All the children in Key Stage 2 in a school are asked what was the last piece of fruit that they ate. The following pie chart is created from the information.

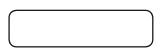


 $\textbf{i.} \ \ \text{If 20 children ate a plum, estimate how many children ate a pear.}$





 ${\it ii.}$ Estimate the percentage of children who at an apple.





iii. Which fruit was least popular?





iv. Estimate the number of children who took part in the survey?





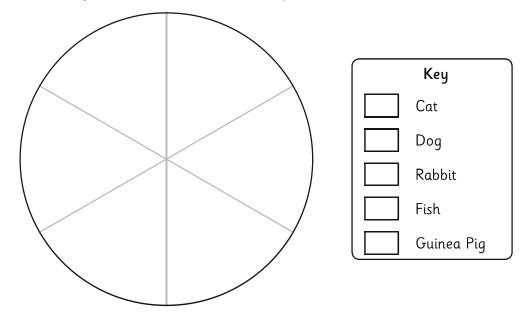


e) Some children were asked whether they had any pets.

The following table shows the results.

Pet	Number of children
Cat	8
Dog	8
Rabbit	3
Fish	2
Guinea Pig	3

i. Use the frame below to create a pie chart to show this information. Add colours to the pie chart and key to show what each section represents.



ii. Which pet or pets did 12.5% of children have?







2. Calculate and interpret the mean as an average.

A class of children count the number of vehicles that go past the school each hour during a school day.

Time	Number of vehicles
09:00 – 10:00	21
10:00 – 11:00	15
11:00 – 12:00	13
12:00 – 13:00	9
13:00 – 14:00	12
14:00 – 15:00	14

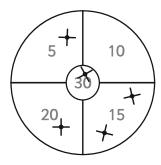
a) Calculate the mean number of cars passing the school each hour.



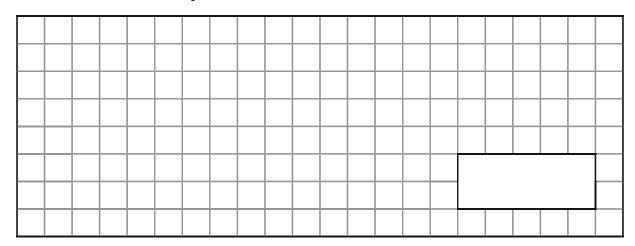


b) Some children are playing magnetic darts. The score is the mean of the numbers upon which the counters land.

This is what the board looks like after Adnan's turn:

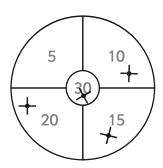


i. What is the mean score for Adnan?

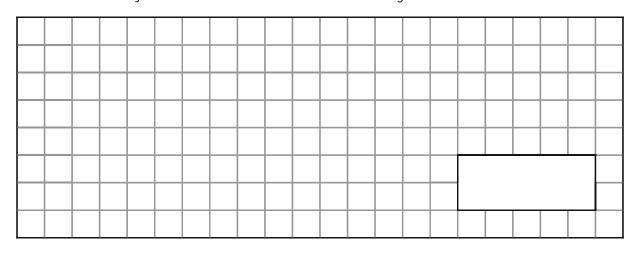




This is what the board looks like after Sadie has thrown 4 darts:



ii. What must the final dart land on so that Sadie has a higher mean than Adnan?







c) A school manager keeps a record of how many boxes of paper are used each week in school. Here is her record for the first 5 weeks:

Week	Number of boxes
1	8
2	13
3	9
4	13
5	12

Use the information to predict how many boxes of paper the school will use in a 14 week term.

