Year 4: Week 4, Day 1

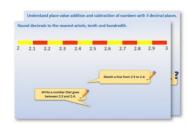
Fraction sequences

Each day covers one maths topic. It should take you about 1 hour or just a little more.

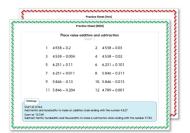
1. If possible, watch the **PowerPoint presentation** with a teacher or another grown-up.



OR start by carefully reading through the **Learning Reminders**.



Tackle the questions on the Practice Sheet.
 There might be a choice of either Mild (easier) or Hot (harder)!
 Check the answers.



3. Finding it tricky? That's OK... have a go with a grown-up at A Bit Stuck?

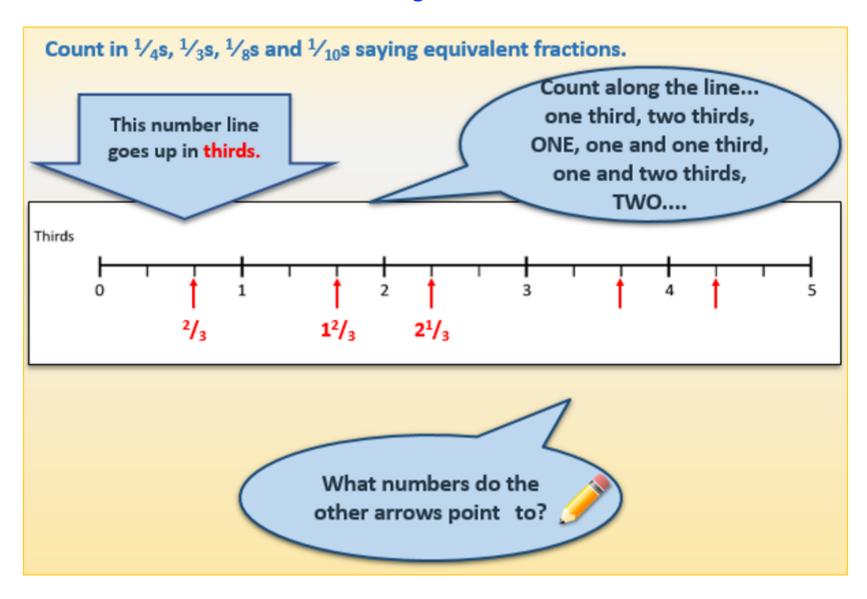


4. Have I mastered the topic? A few questions to **Check** your understanding.

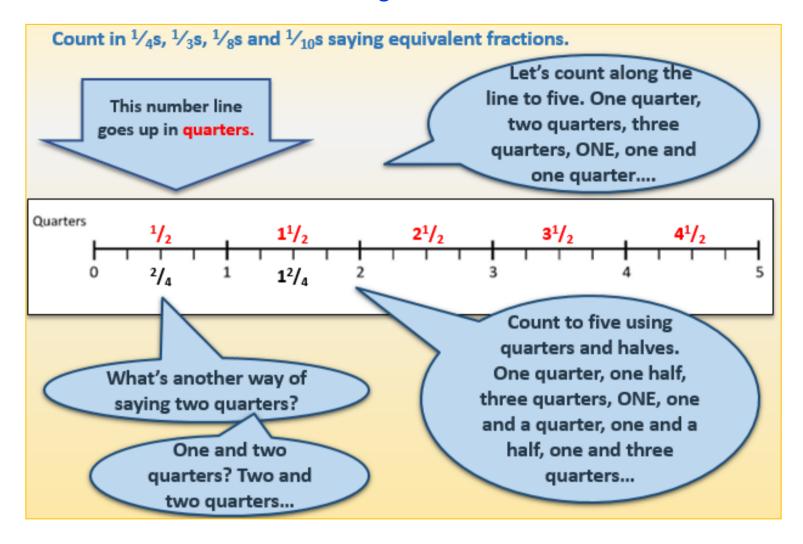
Fold the page to hide the answers!



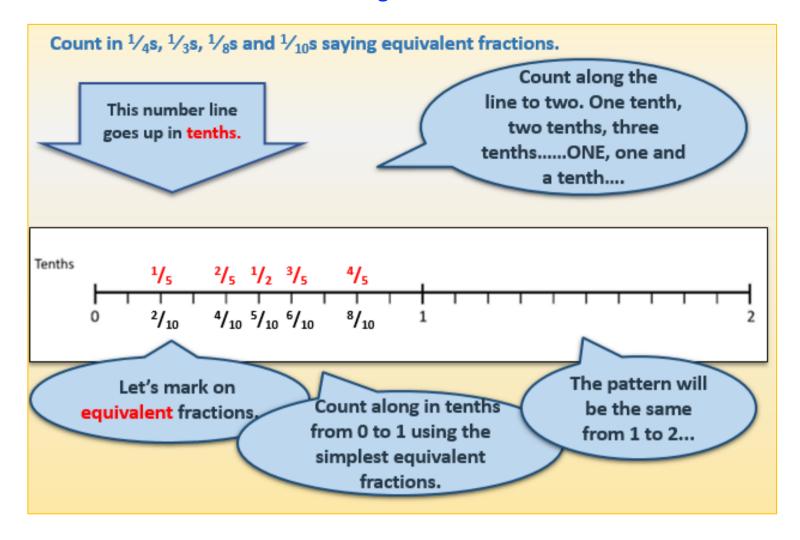
Learning Reminders



Learning Reminders



Learning Reminders

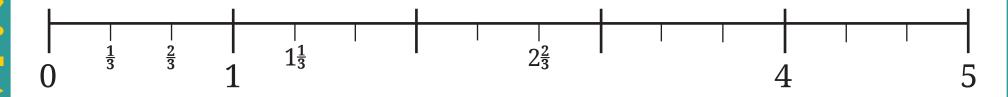


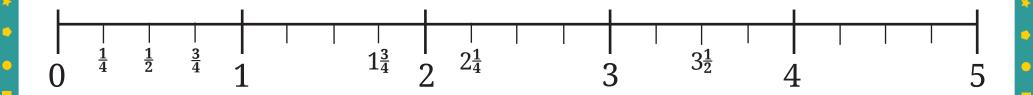
Practice Sheet Mild

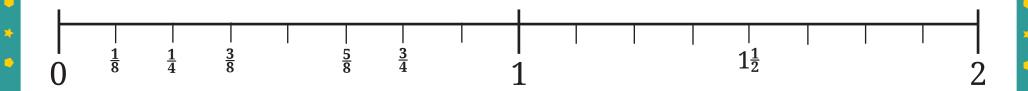
Fraction sequences

Fill in the missing numbers in these sequences.

Where possible write fractions in their simplest forms.





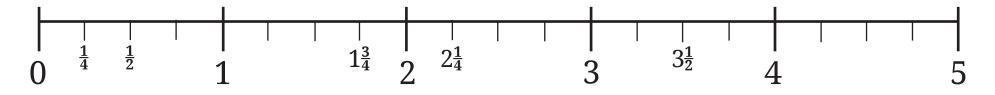


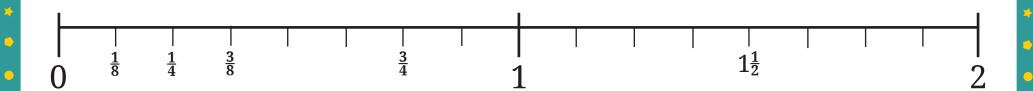
Practice Sheet Hot

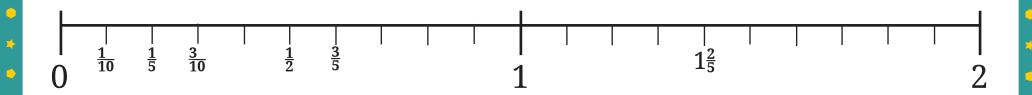
Fraction sequences

Fill in the missing numbers in these sequences.

Where possible write fractions in their simplest forms.

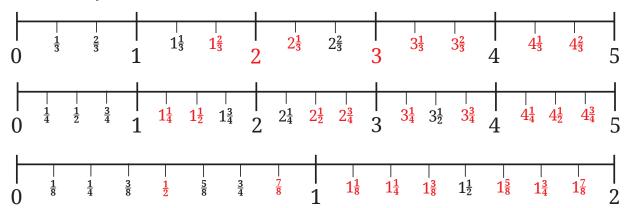




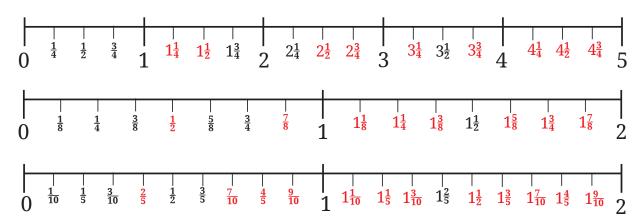


Practice Sheet Answers

Fraction sequences (mild)



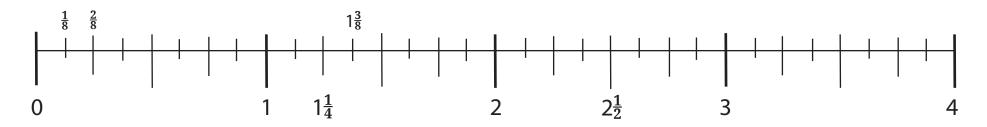
Fraction sequences (hot)



A Bit Stuck?

Labelling fractions

Mark $\frac{1}{2}$ s, $\frac{1}{4}$ s and $\frac{1}{8}$ s on this line.



Challenge

Write at least five pairs of equivalent fractions, e.g. $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$.

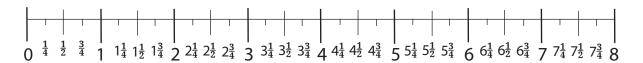
Write the missing numbers in the sequence:

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3},$$
 , $1\frac{1}{3},$,

A Bit Stuck Answers

Labelling fractions



Challenge

Complete these pairs of equivalent fractions:

$$\frac{2}{4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$2\frac{2}{4} = \left(\frac{10}{4}\right)$$
 or $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$

$$\boxed{\frac{11}{2}} \text{or} \boxed{\frac{22}{4}} \text{or} \boxed{5\frac{2}{4}} = 5 \ \frac{1}{2}$$

Write the missing numbers in the sequence:

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, 1, $1\frac{1}{2}$, 2, $2\frac{1}{2}$, 3, $3\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, 2

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$

For the last sequence, some children may give $\frac{2}{4}$ rather than $\frac{1}{2}$, which is fine.

Check your understanding Questions

Bea counts in quarters starting at one quarter.

She says five numbers then stops.

What number should she say next?

Fill in the missing fractions:

$$1^{1}/_{2}$$
, 2, $2^{1}/_{2}$, 3, \bigcirc , 4, \bigcirc , 5

$$4, 3^3/_4, 3^1/_2, \ldots, 3, \ldots, 2^1/_2$$

$$^{8}/_{10}, ^{9}/_{10},$$
 , $^{12}/_{10}$

Fold here to hide answers

Check your understanding Answers

Bea counts in quarters starting at one quarter.

She says five numbers then stops.

What number should she say next? $1^{1}/_{2}$ (or $1^{2}/_{4}$)

Check on a number line divided into quarters, also useful for next question if children are struggling.

Fill in the missing fractions:

$$1^{1}/_{2}$$
, 2, $2^{1}/_{2}$, 3, $3^{1}/_{2}$, 4, $4^{1}/_{2}$, 5

$$4, 3^3/4, 3^1/2, 3^1/4, 3, 2^3/4, 2^1/2$$

$$\frac{8}{10}$$
, $\frac{9}{10}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1^{1}}{10}$, $\frac{1^{2}}{10}$