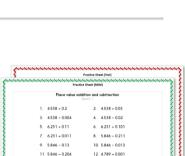
Each day covers one maths topic. It should take you about 1 hour or just a little more.

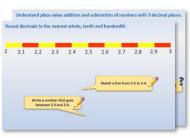
- Start by reading through the Learning Reminders. 1. They come from our *PowerPoint* slides. 2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 Sketch a line from 2.3 to 2.4. Write a number that goes between 2.3 and 2.4.
- Tackle the questions on the Practice Sheet. 2. There might be a choice of either Mild (easier) or Hot (harder)! Check the answers.

3. Finding it tricky? That's OK... have a go with a grown-up at A Bit Stuck?

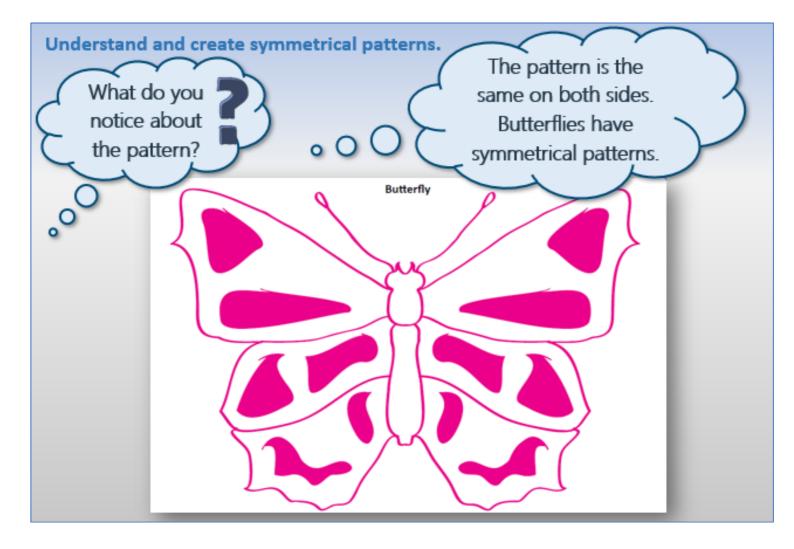
4. Think you've cracked it? Whizzed through the Practice Sheets? Have a go at the Investigation...



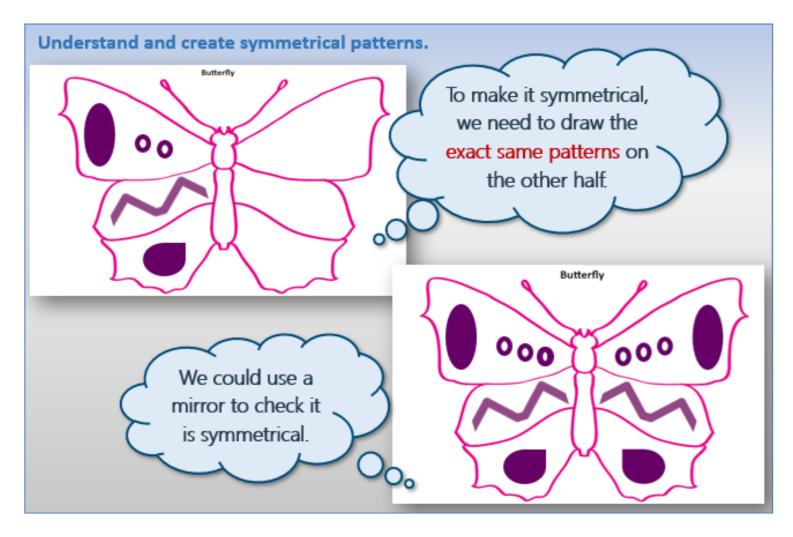




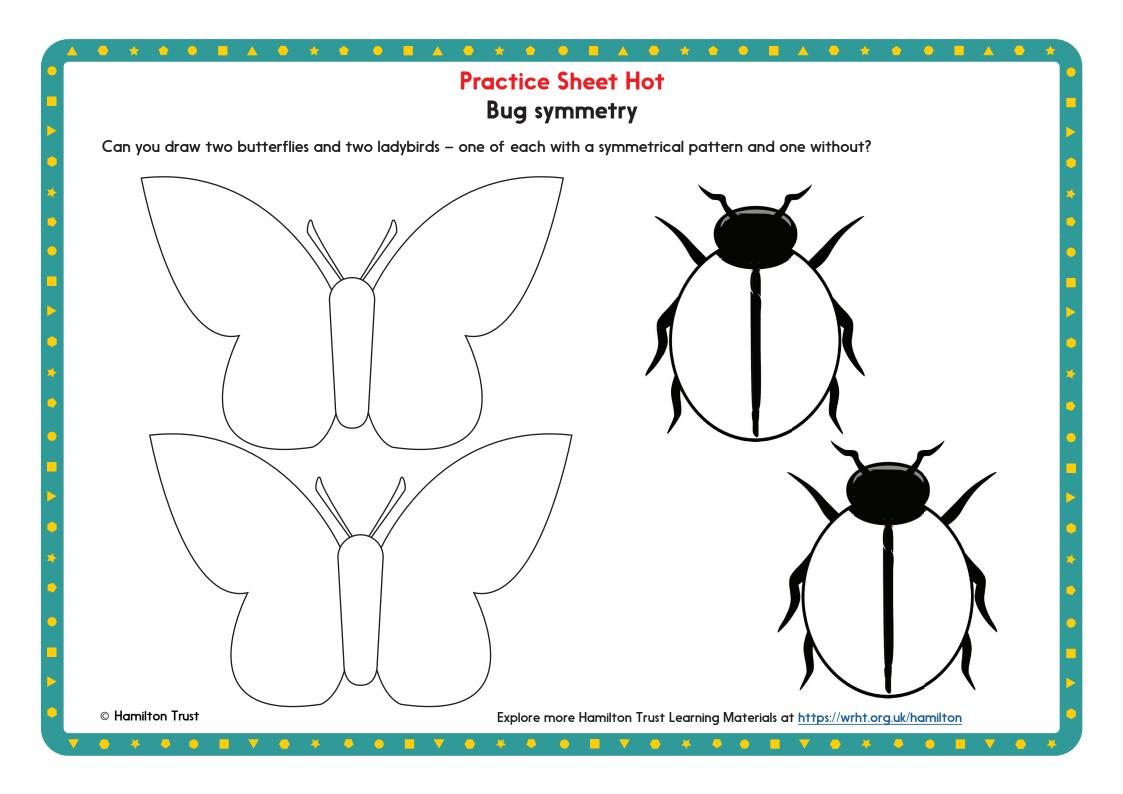
## **Learning Reminders**

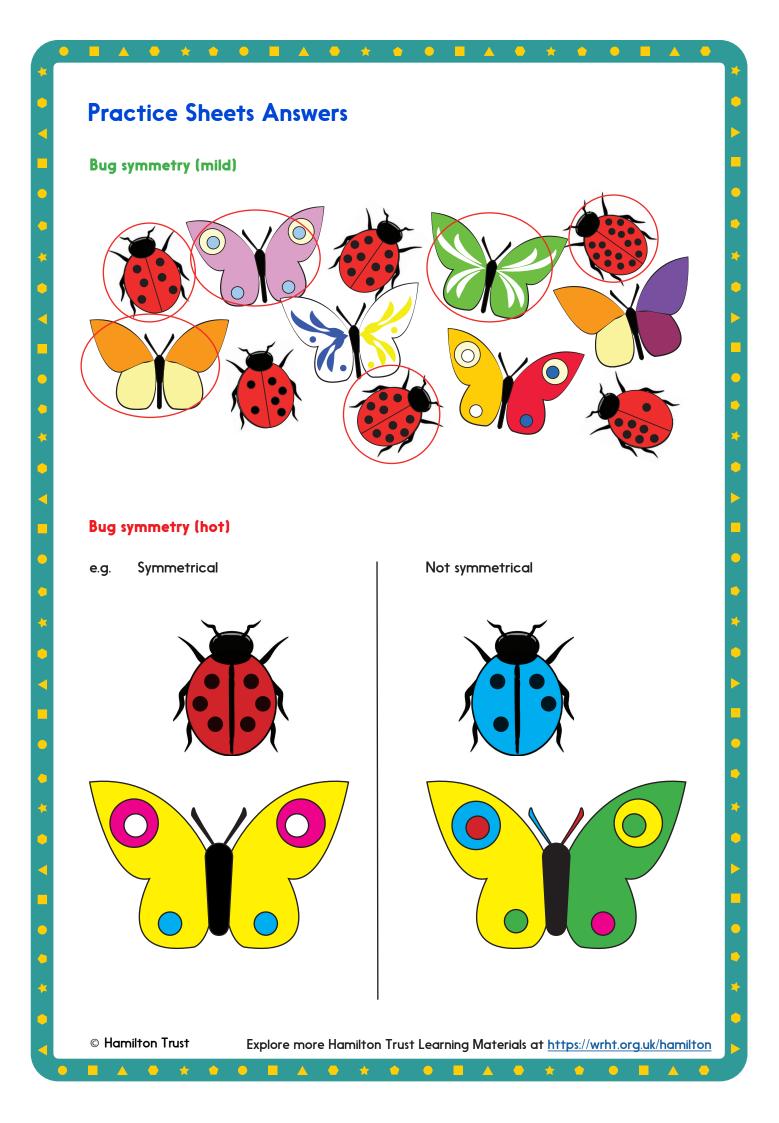


## **Learning Reminders**



# **Practice Sheet Mild** Bug symmetry Circle the bugs that have a symmetrical pattern on their wings. Remember symmetrical means having the <u>same</u> pattern on each side. Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton © Hamilton Trust





# A Bit Stuck?

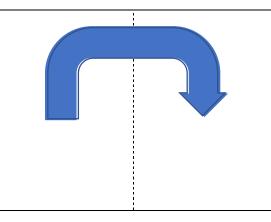
Send a card to a friend

### Things you will need:

- Pieces of card
- Scissors
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Pencil and ruler

#### What to do:

1. Fold a piece of card in half.



2. Draw a shape on the card, where the fold forms the left side, e.g.



3. Cut out the shape, leaving the fold. Open to make a symmetrical shape, e.g.

4. Repeat with other shapes.

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5. Choose your favourite(s) to make a greetings card to send to a friend or grandparent.

Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at <u>https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton</u>

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*	Investigation	•••
m²	Flip and flop	w
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%		CIM 3
LLL		1/2
-1-		-1-
y2		m
стз		*
×		V
w	1. Spread out the shape cards.	m <sup>2</sup> +
۰۱۰	2. Correctly identify and name each shape.	~
*	3. Each choose a shape.	
i u	4. Draw round it on one colour of card. Cut it out carefully!	. 5%
с Т	<ul> <li>5. You are both going to cut smaller versions of your shape from its sides.</li> <li>• Cut small triangles of different shapes from the triangle.</li> </ul>	1
. %	<ul> <li>Cut small rectangles of different shapes from the rectangle.</li> </ul>	СĦ
v	<ul> <li>Cut small pentagons of different shapes from the pentagon. And so on.</li> <li>6. Each time you cut a shape, make sure it is DIFFERENT from the one before – the</li> </ul>	د.
%	6. Each time you cut a shape, make sure it is DIFFERENT from the one before – the same type of shape, e.g. triangle, but a different size, orientation or shape.	*
*	7. Keep cutting <i>different</i> shapes of the same type from round the sides.	۰۱۰
m²	8. Now stick your original large shape, with all the bits cut out of it, on a piece of contrasting coloured card.	CIM 3
^		s 1/2
%	9. Now flip each little shape so that it is exactly symmetrical to its 'gap' in the side of your large shape. Each little shape and its 'hole' then make a symmetrical pattern.	-1-
40		m
-1-		*
γ <sup>3</sup> √2		v
cm <sup>3</sup>	Challenge	m <sup>2</sup>
×	Can you do this activity, starting with a semi-circle?	*
۳ د.	Explore more Hamilton Truct Learning Materials at https://webt.org.uk/bamilton	%
	© Hamilton Trust Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at <u>https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton</u>	) N V
4	$+ ? = x cm^{3} \frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} > m^{2} + \frac{3}{3} < \frac{1}{3} - cm ? + \frac{1}{3}$	⅓

